

OMEGA[®]/HBM M Series Encapsulated Foil Strain Gages



Glass Fiber Reinforced Phenolic Carrier

- ✓ High Resistance to Alternating Loads
- ✓ High Temperature Range 300°C (572°F)
- ✓ Wide Spectrum of Different Types

M Series strain gages have been specially developed for high resistance to alternating loads at increased strain levels and high temperatures up to 300°C (572°F). They are foil strain gages with measuring grids made of a special nickel-chromium alloy. OMEGA/HBM offer this special strain gage with various geometries, measuring grid lengths and temperature response matching.

New materials offering high strength such as fiber composites pose a major challenge for strain gages used for measurements specifically when pushing components to their mechanical limit of performance. Situations may arise where a strain gage subjected to alternating loads at increased load levels is weakened and fails earlier than the component under test. The M Series has been specially developed for high resistance to alternating loads and allows for testing of materials featuring high strength.

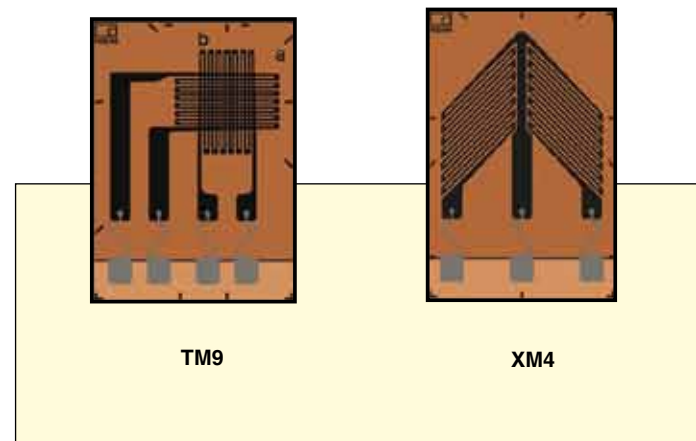
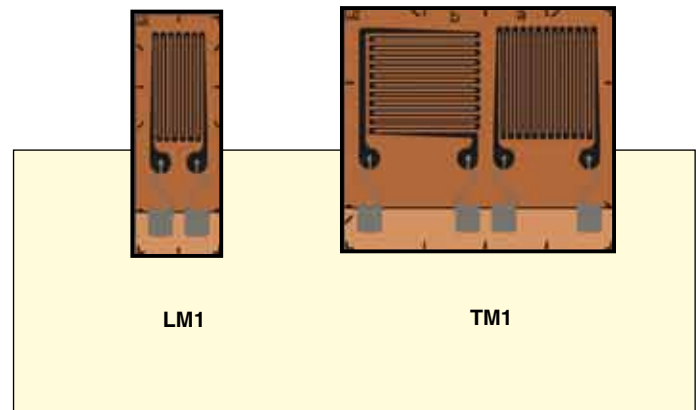
All M Series strain gage types are available with different measuring grid lengths:

- 1.5 mm: where space is a constraint or when highly selective measurement results are required
- 3 mm: for inhomogeneous materials and where space is a requirement or not
- 6 mm: for inhomogeneous materials and where space is not a requirement

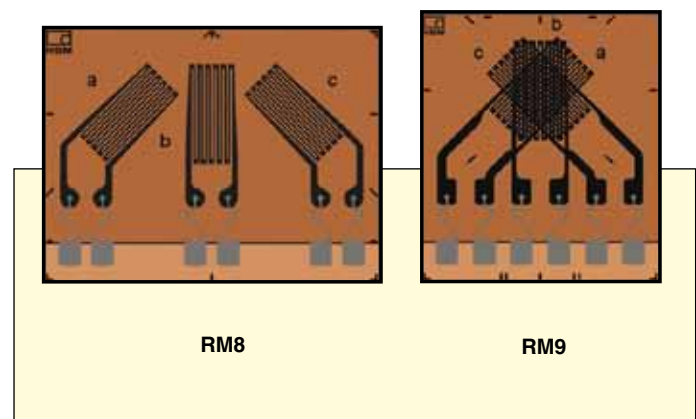
The right measuring grid length: The measuring grid length depends on the aim of measurement, since the result of a measurement with strain gages will be determined as the average of strains. In general, measuring grid lengths of 3 to 6 mm (0.06 to 0.24") generates a better result.

Long measuring grids are recommended where there is an inhomogeneous material such as concrete or wood. A long strain gage will bridge the inhomogeneity of the work piece and return the strain underneath the measuring grid as the measurement result.

Short measuring grids are suitable for detecting a local strain state. Therefore, they are suitable for determining strain gradients, the maximum point of notch stresses and similar stresses.



All models shown larger than actual size.





Specifications

Strain Gage Construction–Foil Strain Gage

Carrier:

Material: Glass fiber reinforced phenolic

Thickness: $35 \pm 10 \mu\text{m}$

Grid Foil:

Material: CrNi

Thickness: $5 \mu\text{m}$

Encapsulation:

Material: Polyimide film

Thickness: $25 \pm 5 \mu\text{m}$

Connections: Solder pads with strain relief

Resistance: 350 and 1000 Ω

Resistance Tolerance: $\pm 0.3\%$ ⁽¹⁾

Gage Factor: Approximate 2.2 (specified on each package)

Gage Factor Tolerance: $\pm 1.5\%$ (for grid length $< 3 \text{ mm}$)

$\pm 0.7\%$ (for grid length $\geq 3 \text{ mm}$)

Temperature Coefficient of the Gage Factor:

Specified on each package

Transverse Sensitivity:

Specified on each package

Operating Temperature Range:

-200 to 300°C (-328 to 662°F)

Temperature Response (Ferrite Steel):

10.8 ppm/K ($6.0 \text{ ppm}/^\circ\text{F}$)

Maximum Elongation:

Positive Direction: $10,000 \mu\text{m}$ (1%)

Negative Direction: $15,000 \mu\text{m}$ (-1.5%)

⁽¹⁾For stacked rosettes 0.5%. ⁽²⁾Maximum zero point drift $\pm 100 \mu\text{m/m}$.

⁽³⁾Consider temperature limits of the different adhesives.

Minimum Bending Radius: 5 mm (0.20") for linear gages
10 mm (0.39") for stacked rosettes

Bonding Material that Can Be Used⁽³⁾:

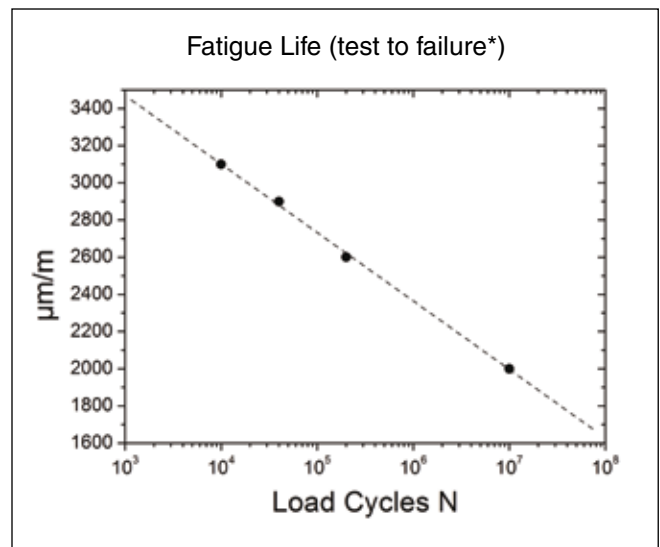
Z70 or EP310S

Fatigue Life (Test to Failure⁽²⁾)

10^7 cycles at $2000 \mu\text{m/m}$

10^6 cycles at $2200 \mu\text{m/m}$

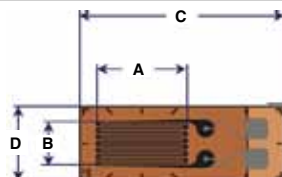
10^4 cycles at $3100 \mu\text{m/m}$



Geometries

	LM1 Linear strain gage with one measurement grid measuring strain in one direction
	TM1 T rosette with two measurement grids, offset by 90° measuring tension and compression
	TM9 Stacked T rosette with two measurement grids, offset by 90° measuring tension and compression
	XM4 V-shaped strain gage with two measurement grids, arranged at $\pm 45^\circ$ to the axis determination of shear stresses
	RM8 Rectangular strain gage rosette with three measurement grids at $0^\circ/45^\circ/90^\circ$ biaxial stress state with unknown principal stress direction
	RM9 Stacked strain gage rosette with three measurement grids at $0^\circ/45^\circ/90^\circ$ biaxial stress state with unknown principal stress direction

* Maximum zero point drift $\pm 100 \mu\text{m/m}$

To Order							
			Dimensions: mm (inch)				Maximum Permanent Effective Excitation Voltage ⁽¹⁾
	Model No.	Nominal Resistance Ω	Measurement Grid		Carrier		
			A	B	C	D	
LM1 	1-LM11-1.5/350GE	350	1.5 (0.06)	2.5 (0.10)	9 (0.35)	4.4 (0.17)	7
	1-LM11-3/350GE	350	3 (0.12)	3.4 (0.13)	11.8 (0.46)	5.4 (0.21)	11
	1-LM11-6/350GE	350	6 (0.24)	3.4 (0.13)	14.8 (0.58)	5.4 (0.21)	16
TM1 	1-TM11-1.5/350GE	350	1.5 (0.06)	2.5 (0.10)	9.5 (0.37)	8 (0.31)	7
	1-TM11-3/350GE	350	3 (0.12)	3.4 (0.13)	11.7 (0.46)	10.6 (0.42)	11
	1-TM11-6/350GE	350	6 (0.24)	6.3 (0.29)	15 (0.59)	16.6 (0.65)	22
TM9 	1-TM91-1.5/350GE	350	1.5 (0.06)	2.5 (0.10)	11.3 (0.44)	7.9 (0.31)	5.8
	1-TM91-3/350GE	350	3 (0.12)	3.7 (0.15)	15 (0.59)	11.7 (0.46)	10
	1-TM91-6/350GE	350	6 (0.24)	3.7 (0.15)	18 (0.71)	13 (0.51)	14
XM4 	1-XM41-1.5/350GE	350	1.5 (0.06)	1.5 (0.06)	10.6 (0.42)	6 (0.24)	5.4
	1-XM41-3/350GE	350	3 (0.12)	3 (0.12)	15 (0.59)	8.2 (0.32)	10
	1-XM41-6/350GE	350	6 (0.24)	4 (0.16)	18.6 (0.73)	12.2 (0.48)	17
RM8 	1-RM81-1.5/350GE	350	1.5 (0.06)	2.5 (0.10)	11 (0.43)	13.3 (0.52)	7
	1-RM81-3/350GE	350	3 (0.12)	3.4 (0.13)	14.6 (0.57)	18.4 (0.72)	11
	1-RM81-6/350GE	350	6 (0.24)	3.4 (0.13)	17.1 (0.67)	22.5 (0.86)	16
RM9 	1-RM91-1.5/350GE	350	1.5 (0.06)	2.5 (0.10)	11.3 (0.44)	11.1 (0.44)	5.3
	1-RM91-3/350GE	350	3 (0.12)	3.7 (0.15)	15 (0.59)	16 (0.63)	9.3
	1-RM91-6/350GE	350	6 (0.24)	3.7 (0.15)	18 (0.71)	16 (0.63)	13

⁽¹⁾ Maximum permitted effective excitation voltage specified for steel material.

Ordering Example: 1-RM91-1.5/350GE, package of 5 encapsulated strain gages, 1.5 mm (0.06") measuring grid length.

Note: All models sold in a 5-pack, except 1-LM11 which are sold in a 10-pack.

		1-Z70	1-EP310S	1-BCY01	1-RMS1	1-RMS1-SPRAY
						
Model No.	Description					
1-Z70	Rapid adhesive; single component cold curing adhesive made of cyanacrylate					
1-EP310S	High temperature adhesive; two-component epoxy resin adhesive					
1-BCY01	Accelerator for Z70 rapid adhesive; epoxy resin adhesive					
1-RMS1*	Cleaning solvent; environmentally friendly mixture of isopropanol and acetone					
1-RMS1-SPRAY**	Spray version of RMS1 cleaning solvent					

* NOTE: Satisfactory bonding joints are only achieved if the adhesive covers the bonded surfaces well. Therefore, the application surfaces must be cleaned prior to bonding with a chemically pure solvent and a clean cleaning pad.

** NOTE: 1-RMS1-SPRAY enables the chemically pure cleaning agent to be easily and reliably applied, for example, when preparing measuring points on vertical surfaces or working overhead. Comes in packages containing five 200 ml spray cans and 450 cleaning pads.