

MOSFET

500V CoolMOS™ CE Power Transistor

CoolMOS™ is a revolutionary technology for high voltage power MOSFETs, designed according to the superjunction (SJ) principle and pioneered by Infineon Technologies. CoolMOS™ CE is a price-performance optimized platform enabling to target cost sensitive applications in Consumer and Lighting markets by still meeting highest efficiency standards. The new series provides all benefits of a fast switching Superjunction MOSFET while not sacrificing ease of use and offering the best cost down performance ratio available on the market.

Features

- Extremely low losses due to very low FOM $R_{DS(on)} \cdot Q_g$ and E_{oss}
- Very high commutation ruggedness
- Easy to use/drive
- Pb-free plating, Halogen free mold compound
- Qualified for standard grade applications

Applications

PFC stages, hard switching PWM stages and resonant switching stages for e.g. PC Silverbox, Adapter, LCD & PDP TV and indoor lighting.

Please note: For MOSFET paralleling the use of ferrite beads on the gate or separate totem poles is generally recommended.

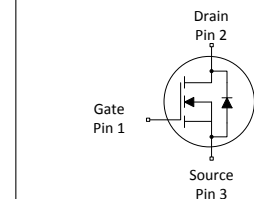


Table 1 Key Performance Parameters

Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DS} @ T_{j,max}$	550	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	0.8	Ω
I_D	7.6	A
$Q_{g,typ}$	12.4	nC
$I_{D,pulse}$	15.5	A
$E_{oss} @ 400V$	1.46	μJ

Type / Ordering Code	Package	Marking	Related Links
IPA50R800CE	PG-TO 220 FullPAK	5R800CE	see Appendix A

Table of Contents

Description 1

Maximum ratings 3

Thermal characteristics 3

Electrical characteristics 4

Electrical characteristics diagrams 6

Test Circuits 10

Package Outlines 11

Appendix A 12

Revision History 13

Trademarks 13

Disclaimer 13

1 Maximum ratings

at $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Table 2 Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Continuous drain current ¹⁾	I_D	-	-	7.6 4.8	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	-	-	15.5	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	-	-	83	mJ	$I_D = 1.9\text{A}$; $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$
Avalanche energy, repetitive	E_{AR}	-	-	0.13	mJ	$I_D = 1.9\text{A}$; $V_{DD} = 50\text{V}$
Avalanche current, repetitive	I_{AR}	-	-	1.9	A	-
MOSFET dv/dt ruggedness	dv/dt	-	-	50	V/ns	$V_{DS} = 0 \dots 400\text{V}$
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}	-20 -30	-	20 30	V	static; AC ($f > 1\text{ Hz}$)
Power dissipation (Full PAK)	P_{tot}	-	-	26.4	W	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}	-40	-	150	$^\circ\text{C}$	-
Mounting torque	-	-	-	50	Ncm	M2.5 screws
Continuous diode forward current	I_S	-	-	3.6	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Diode pulse current ²⁾	$I_{S,pulse}$	-	-	15.5	A	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Reverse diode dv/dt ³⁾	dv/dt	-	-	15	V/ns	$V_{DS} = 0 \dots 400\text{V}$, $I_{SD} \leq I_S$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Maximum diode commutation speed ³⁾	di/dt	-	-	500	A/ μs	$V_{DS} = 0 \dots 400\text{V}$, $I_{SD} \leq I_S$, $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$
Insulation withstand voltage for TO-220 FullPAK	V_{ISO}	-	-	2500	V	V_{rms} , $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $t = 1\text{min}$

2 Thermal characteristics

Table 3 Thermal characteristics TO220 Full PAK

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}	-	-	4.73	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	-
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient	R_{thJA}	-	-	80	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	lead
Soldering temperature, wavesoldering only allowed at leads	T_{sld}	-	-	260	$^\circ\text{C}$	1.6mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s

¹⁾ Limited by $T_{j,max} < 150^\circ\text{C}$, Maximum Duty Cycle $D = 0.5$, TO220 equivalent

²⁾ Pulse width t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$

³⁾ $V_{DClamp} = 400\text{V}$; $V_{DS,peak} < V_{(BR)DSS}$; identical low side and high side switch with identical R_G

3 Electrical characteristics

Table 4 Static characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	500	-	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_D=1mA$
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{(GS)th}$	2.50	3	3.50	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$, $I_D=0.13mA$
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	-	-	1	μA	$V_{DS}=500V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{DS}=500V$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	-	-	100	nA	$V_{GS}=20V$, $V_{DS}=0V$
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{DS(on)}$	-	0.72	0.80	Ω	$V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=1.5A$, $T_j=25^\circ C$ $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=1.5A$, $T_j=150^\circ C$
Gate resistance	R_G	-	3	-	Ω	$f=1\text{ MHz}$, open drain

Table 5 Dynamic characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	-	280	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	-	23	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=100V$, $f=1MHz$
Effective output capacitance, energy related ¹⁾	$C_{o(er)}$	-	18	-	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Effective output capacitance, time related ²⁾	$C_{o(tr)}$	-	67	-	pF	$I_D=\text{constant}$, $V_{GS}=0V$, $V_{DS}=0...400V$
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	-	6.2	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$
Rise time	t_r	-	5.5	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$	-	26	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$
Fall time	t_f	-	15.9	-	ns	$V_{DD}=400V$, $V_{GS}=13V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $R_G=5.3\Omega$

Table 6 Gate charge characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	-	1.5	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}	-	6.8	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate charge total	Q_g	-	12.4	-	nC	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$	-	5.3	-	V	$V_{DD}=400V$, $I_D=1.9A$, $V_{GS}=0$ to 10V

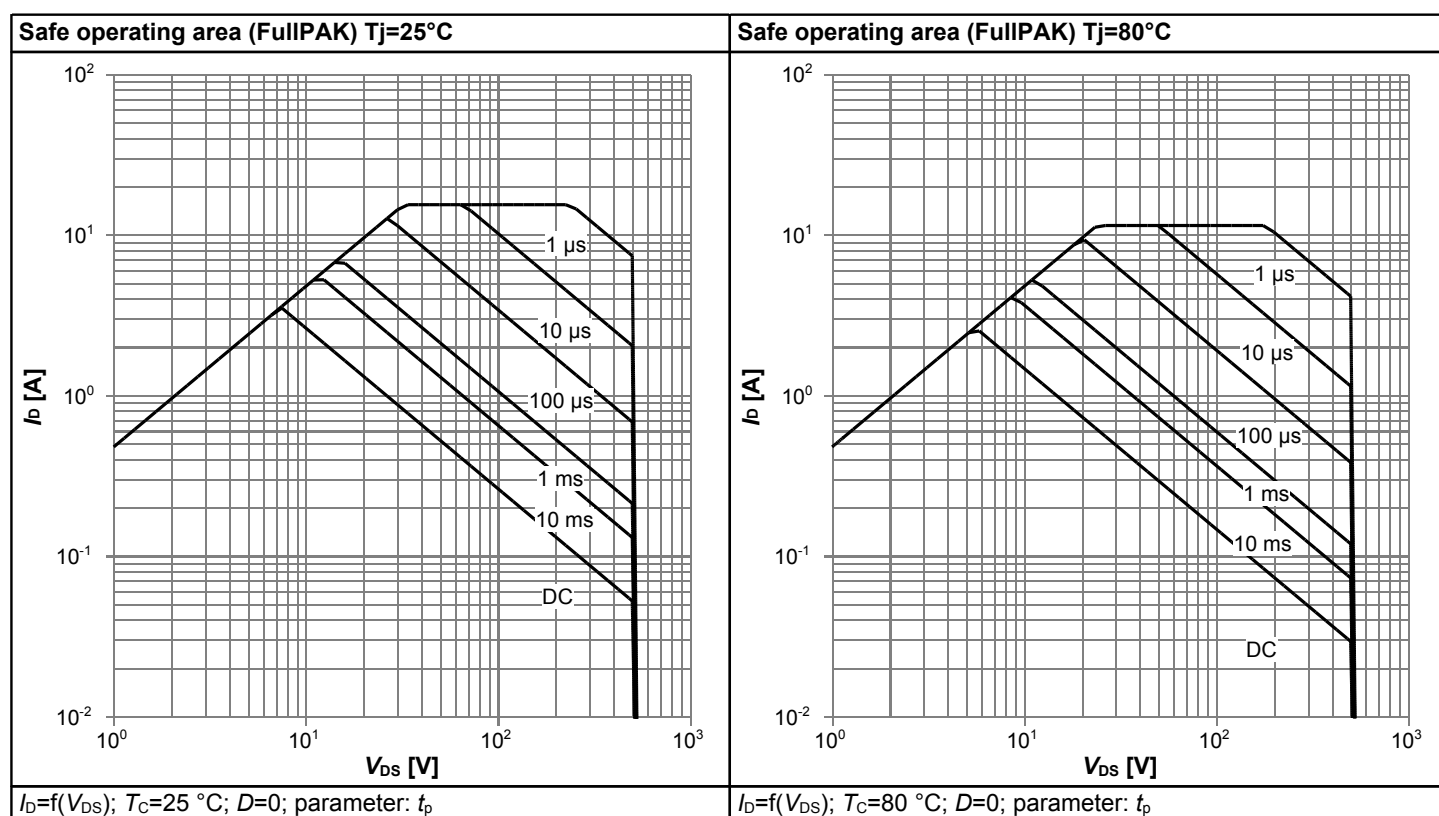
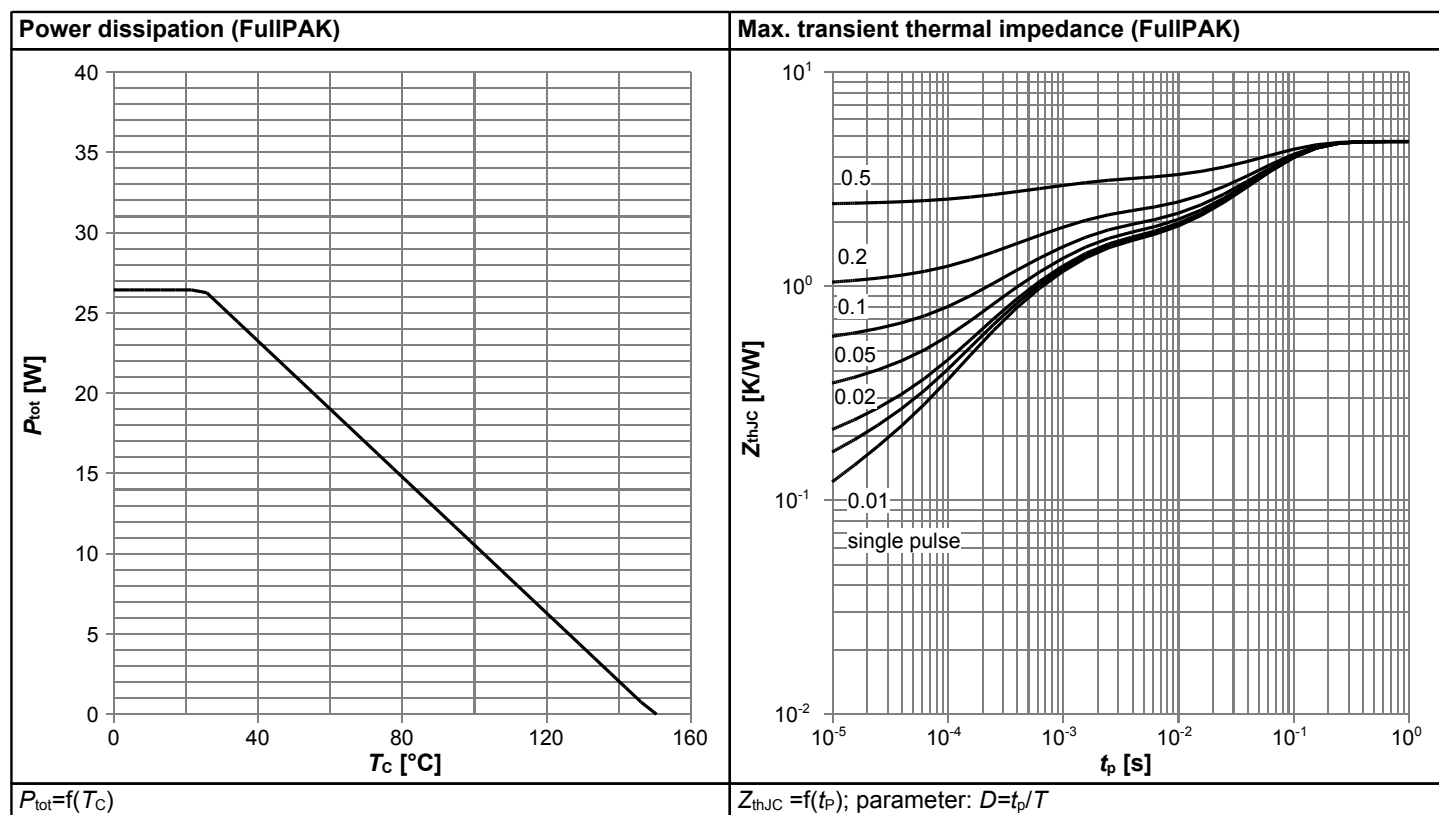
¹⁾ $C_{o(er)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same stored energy as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

²⁾ $C_{o(tr)}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 400V

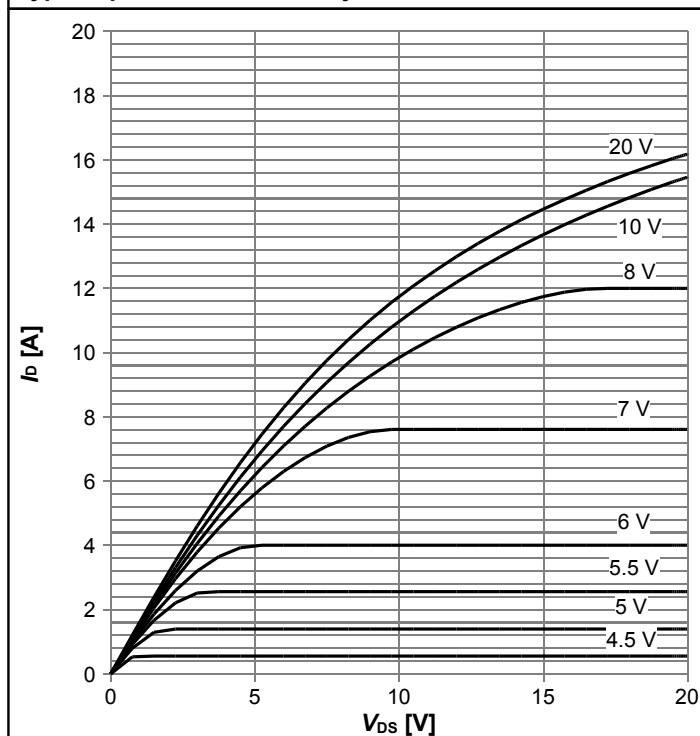
Table 7 Reverse diode characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit	Note / Test Condition
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	-	0.83	-	V	$V_{GS}=0V$, $I_F=1.9A$, $T_J=25^{\circ}C$
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	-	158	-	ns	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=1.9A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	-	0.84	-	μC	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=1.9A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{rrm}	-	9.6	-	A	$V_R=400V$, $I_F=1.9A$, $di_F/dt=100A/\mu s$

4 Electrical characteristics diagrams

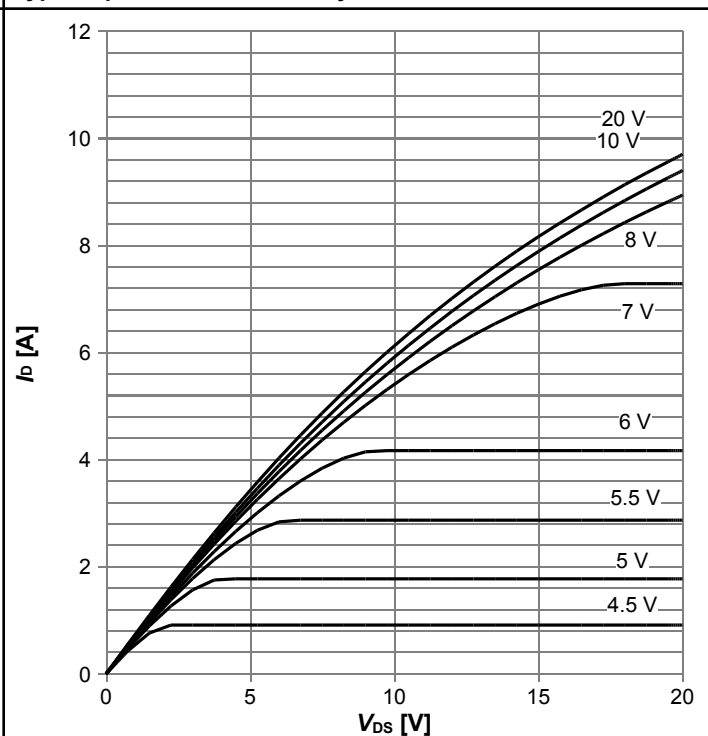


Typ. output characteristics $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$



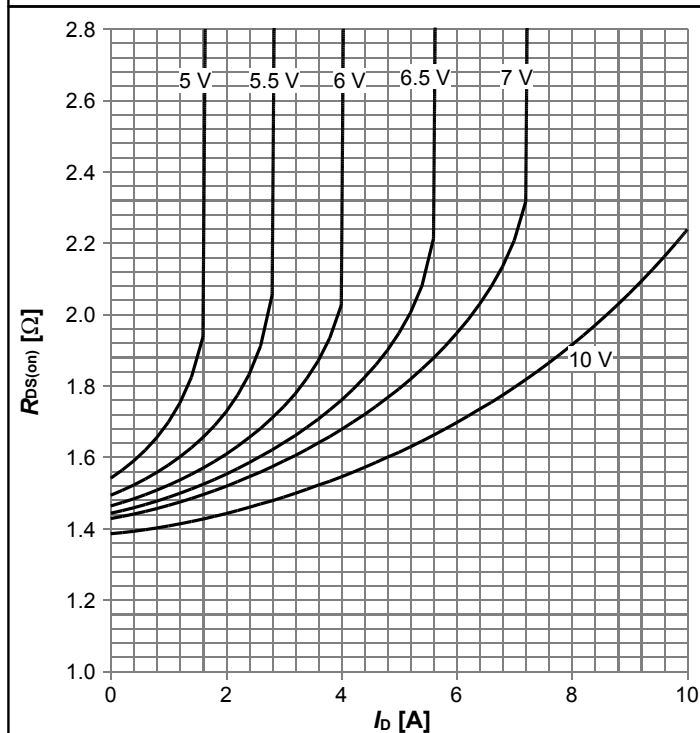
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Typ. output characteristics $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$



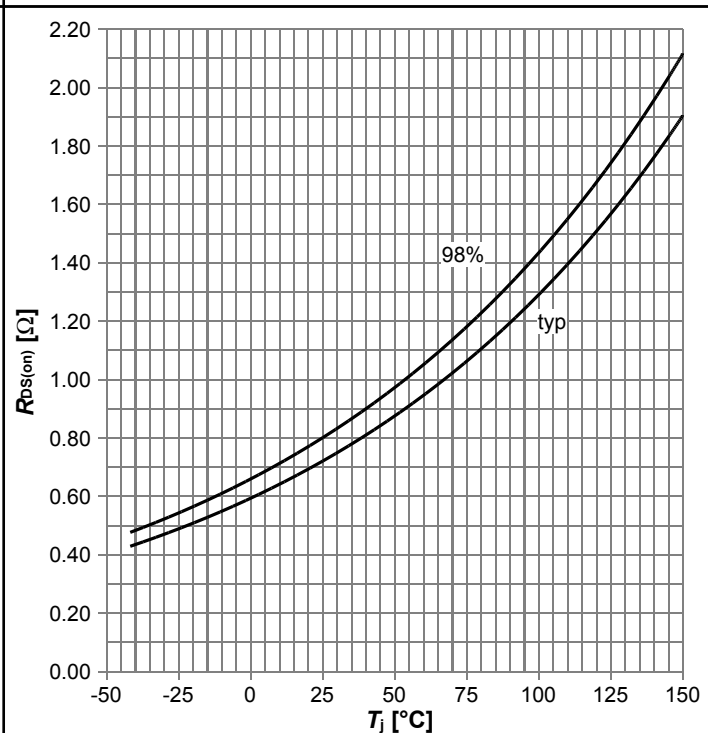
$I_D=f(V_{DS})$; $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Typ. drain-source on-state resistance

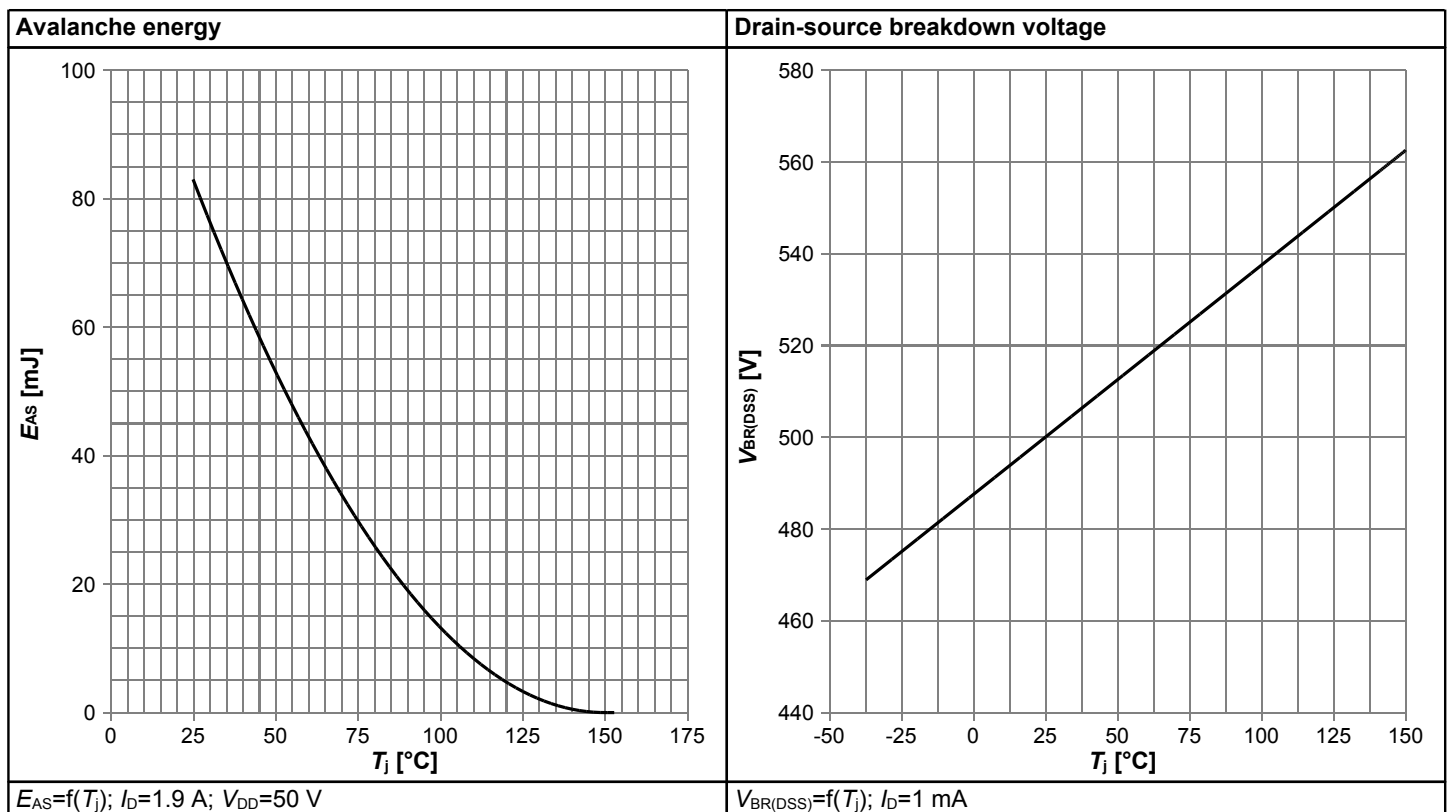
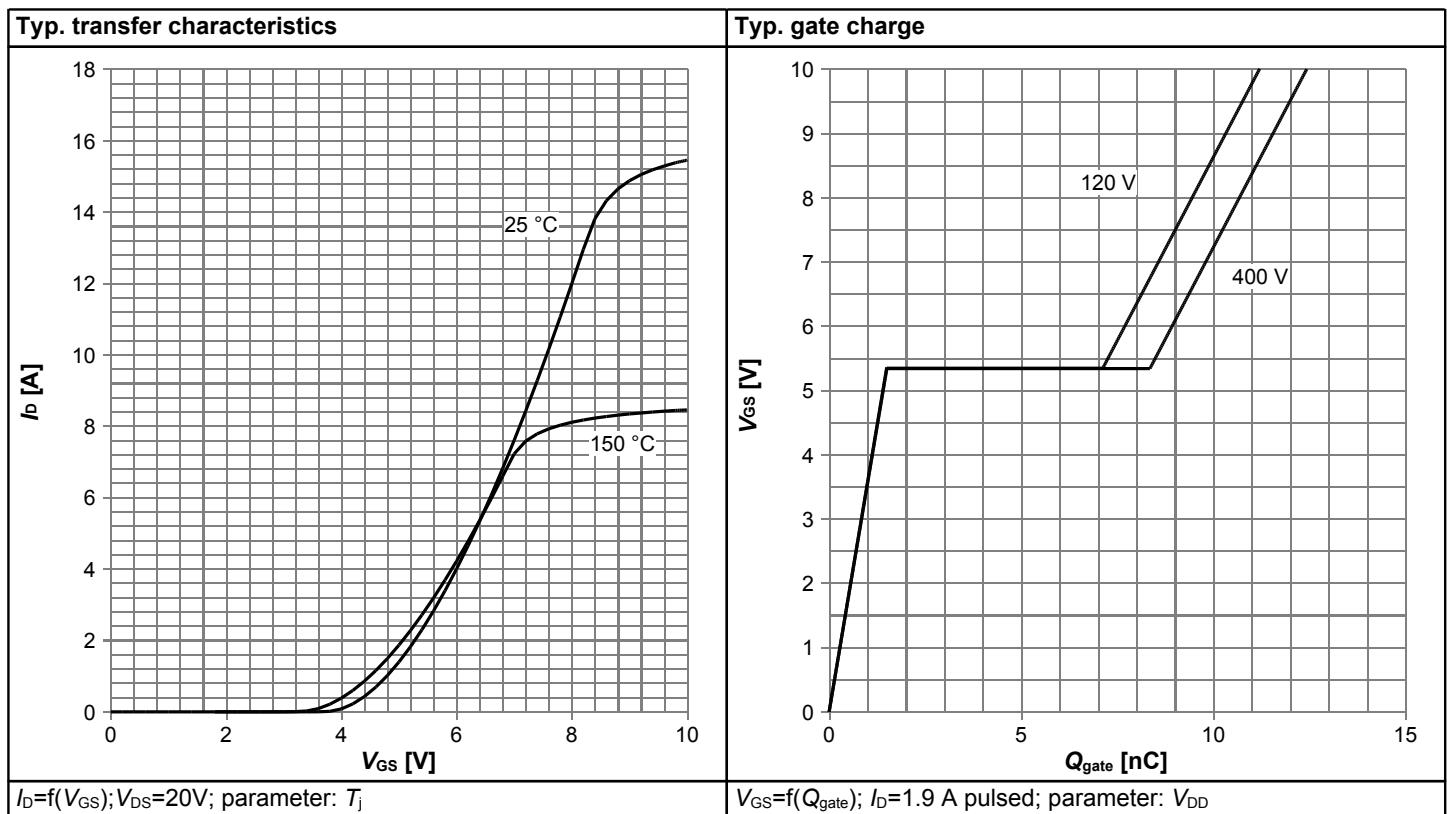


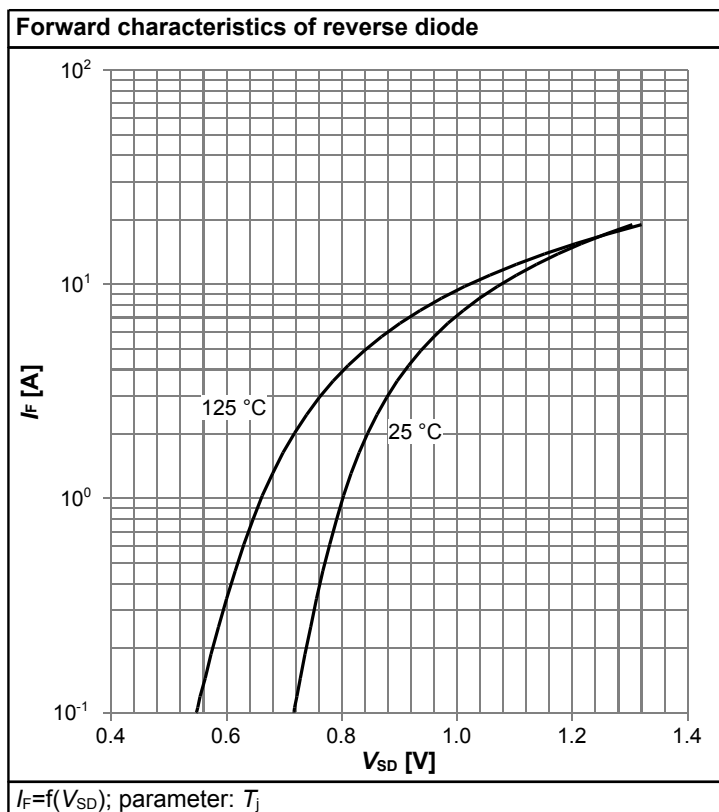
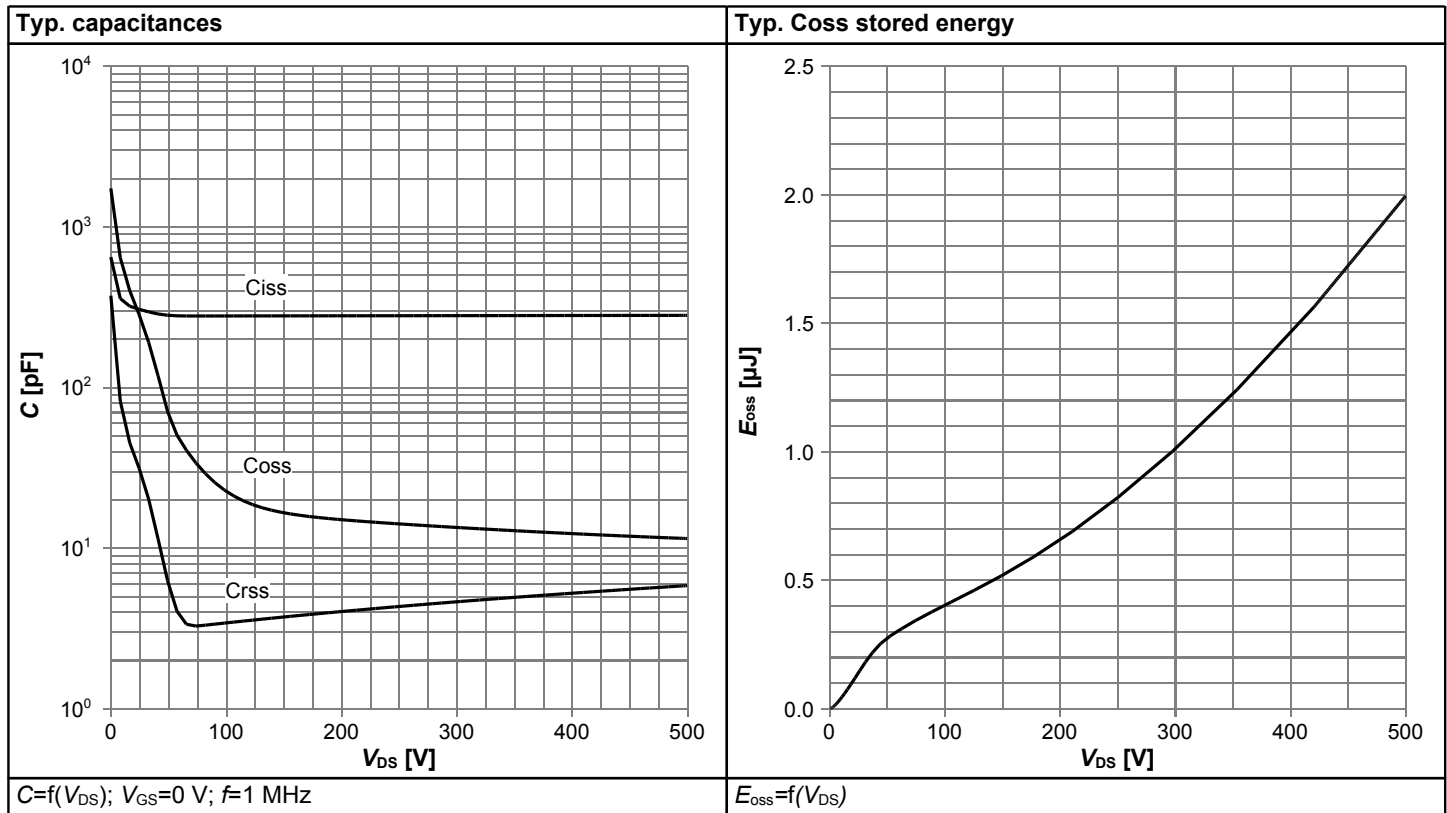
$R_{DS(on)}=f(I_D)$; $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$; parameter: V_{GS}

Drain-source on-state resistance



$R_{DS(on)}=f(T_j)$; $I_D=1.5\text{ A}$; $V_{GS}=13\text{ V}$





5 Test Circuits

Table 8 Diode characteristics

Test circuit for diode characteristics	Diode recovery waveform
 $R_{g1} = R_{g2}$	 $t_{rr} = t_F + t_S$ $Q_{rr} = Q_F + Q_S$

Table 9 Switching times

Switching times test circuit for inductive load	Switching times waveform
	

Table 10 Unclamped inductive load

Unclamped inductive load test circuit	Unclamped inductive waveform
	

6 Package Outlines

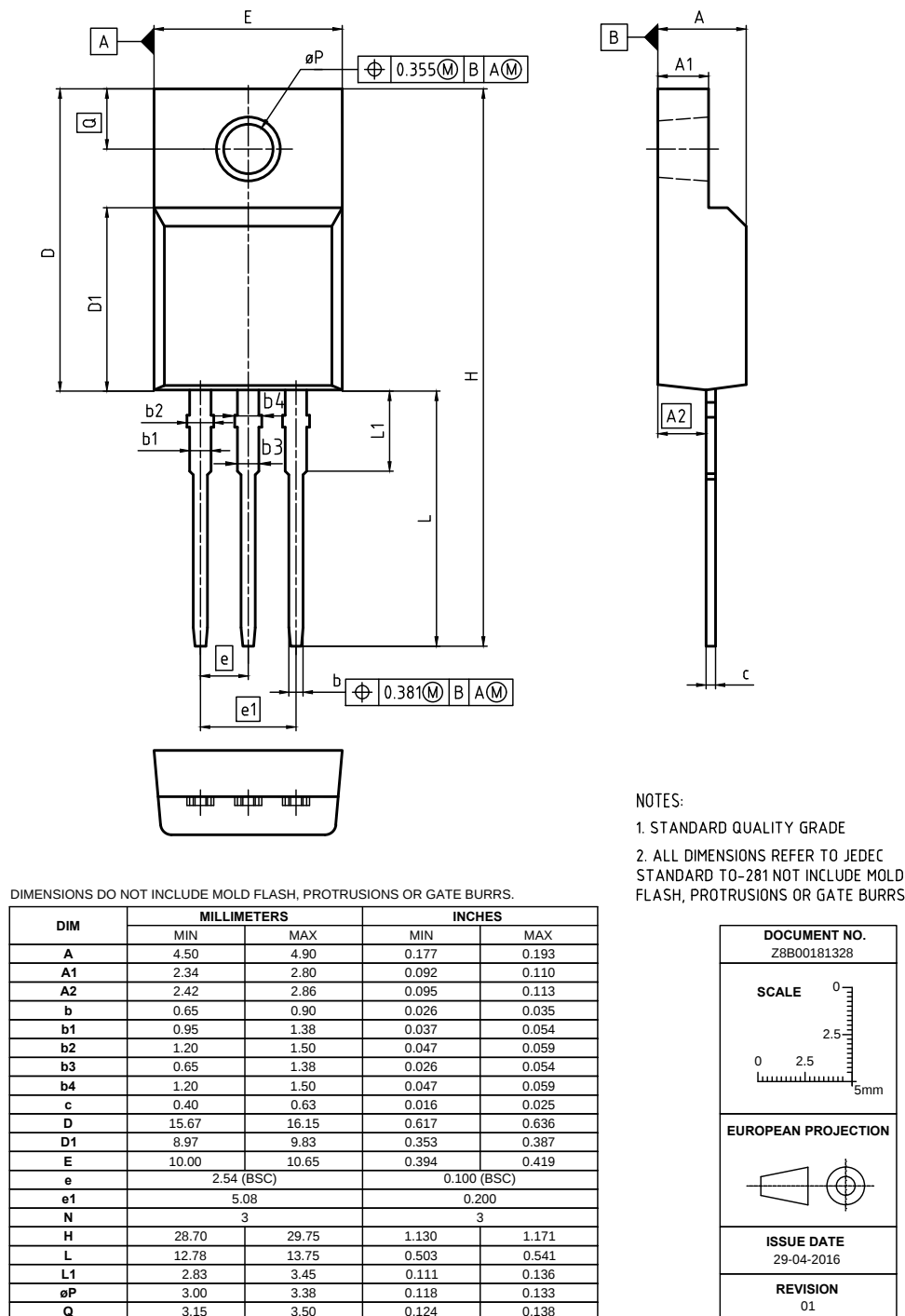


Figure 1 Outline PG-TO 220 FullPAK, dimensions in mm/inches

7 Appendix A

Table 11 Related Links

- **IFX CoolMOS Webpage:** www.infineon.com
- **IFX Design tools:** www.infineon.com

Revision History

IPA50R800CE

Revision: 2016-07-12, Rev. 2.3

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
2.0	2012-08-24	Release of final version
2.1	2014-06-12	Release of final datasheet
2.2	2016-06-13	Updated ID ratings, package marking code & package drawing
2.3	2016-07-12	Changed marking information in page 1

Trademarks of Infineon Technologies AG

AURIX™, C166™, CanPAK™, CIPOS™, CoolGaN™, CoolMOS™, CoolSET™, CoolSiC™, CORECONTROL™, CROSSAVE™, DAVE™, DI-POL™, DrBlade™, EasyPIM™, EconoBRIDGE™, EconoDUAL™, EconoPACK™, EconoPIM™, EiceDRIVER™, eupec™, FCOS™, HITFET™, HybridPACK™, Infineon™, ISOFACE™, IsoPACK™, i-Wafer™, MIPAK™, ModSTACK™, my-d™, NovalithIC™, OmniTune™, OPTIGA™, OptiMOS™, ORIGA™, POWERCODE™, PRIMARION™, PrimePACK™, PrimeSTACK™, PROFET™, PRO-SiL™, RASIC™, REAL3™, ReverSave™, SatRIC™, SIEGET™, SiPMOS™, SmartLEWIS™, SOLID FLASH™, SPOC™, TEMPFET™, thinQ!™, TRENCHSTOP™, TriCore™.

Trademarks updated August 2015

Other Trademarks

All referenced product or service names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all? Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document. Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to:

erratum@infineon.com

Published by

Infineon Technologies AG

81726 München, Germany

© 2016 Infineon Technologies AG

All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (**www.infineon.com**).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.