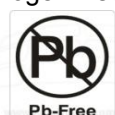


OptiMOS™ Power-MOSFET
Features

- Optimized for high performance Buck converter (Server,VGA)
- Very Low FOM_{QOSS} for High Frequency SMPS
- Low FOM_{SW} for High Frequency SMPS
- Excellent gate charge x $R_{DS(on)}$ product (FOM)
- Very low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$ @ $V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}$
- 100% avalanche tested
- Superior thermal resistance
- N-channel
- Qualified according to JEDEC¹⁾ for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21

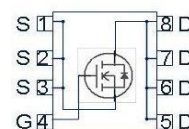

Product Summary

V_{DS}		25	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}$	6	mΩ
	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}$	8.1	
I_D		40	A

PG-TSDSON-8
(fused leads)



Type	Package	Marking
BSZ060NE2LS	PG-TSDSON-8 (fused leads)	060NE2L



Maximum ratings, at $T_J=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
Continuous drain current	I_D	$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, T_C=25\text{ °C}$	40	A
		$V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, T_C=100\text{ °C}$	32	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}, T_C=25\text{ °C}$	40	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}, T_C=100\text{ °C}$	28	
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{ V}, T_A=25\text{ °C}, R_{thJA}=60\text{ K/W}$	12	
Pulsed drain current ²⁾	$I_{D,pulse}$	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	160	
Avalanche current, single pulse ³⁾	I_{AS}	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	20	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	$I_D=20\text{ A}, R_{GS}=25\text{ Ω}$	16	mJ
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}		±20	V

¹⁾ J-STD20 and JESD22

²⁾ See figure 3 for more detailed information

³⁾ See figure 13 for more detailed information

Maximum ratings, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value	Unit
	P_{tot}	$T_C=25\text{ °C}$	26	W
		$T_A=25\text{ °C}$, $R_{\text{thJA}}=60\text{ K/W}$	2.1	
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}		-55 ... 150	°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1			55/150/56	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance, junction - case	R_{thJC}		-	-	4.9	K/W
Device on PCB	R_{thJA}	6 cm ² cooling area ⁴⁾	-	-	60	

Electrical characteristics, at $T_j=25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Static characteristics

Drain-source breakdown voltage	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{ V}$, $I_{\text{D}}=1\text{ mA}$	25	-	-	V
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}$, $I_{\text{D}}=250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	1.2	-	2	
Zero gate voltage drain current	I_{DSS}	$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=25\text{ °C}$	-	0.1	1	μA
		$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{ V}$, $T_j=125\text{ °C}$	-	10	100	
Gate-source leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{\text{GS}}=20\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{ V}$	-	10	100	nA
Drain-source on-state resistance	$R_{\text{DS(on)}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{ V}$, $I_{\text{D}}=20\text{ A}$	-	6.5	8.1	mΩ
		$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{ V}$, $I_{\text{D}}=20\text{ A}$	-	5.0	6.0	
Gate resistance	R_{G}		0.25	0.5	1.0	Ω
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$ V_{\text{DS}} >2 I_{\text{D}} R_{\text{DS(on)max}}$, $I_{\text{D}}=30\text{ A}$	34	67	-	S

⁴⁾ Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm² (one layer, 70 μm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, V_{DS}=12\text{ V}, f=1\text{ MHz}$	-	670	890	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	290	390	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	31	-	
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{DD}=12\text{ V}, V_{GS}=10\text{ V}, I_D=30\text{ A}, R_G=1.6\text{ }\Omega$	-	2.5	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	2.2	-	
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	11	-	
Fall time	t_f		-	1.8	-	

Gate Charge Characteristics⁵⁾

Gate to source charge	Q_{gs}	$V_{DD}=12\text{ V}, I_D=30\text{ A}, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }4.5\text{ V}$	-	1.9	2.6	nC
Gate charge at threshold	$Q_{g(th)}$		-	1.1	1.4	
Gate to drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	1.1	1.7	
Switching charge	Q_{sw}		-	2.0	2.8	
Gate charge total	Q_g		-	4.4	5.9	
Gate plateau voltage	$V_{plateau}$		-	2.9	-	V
Gate charge total	Q_g	$V_{DD}=12\text{ V}, I_D=30\text{ A}, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }10\text{ V}$	-	9.1	12	nC
Gate charge total, sync. FET	$Q_{g(sync)}$	$V_{DS}=0.1\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ to }4.5\text{ V}$	-	3.8	5.1	
Output charge	Q_{oss}	$V_{DD}=12\text{ V}, V_{GS}=0\text{ V}$	-	5.8	7.7	

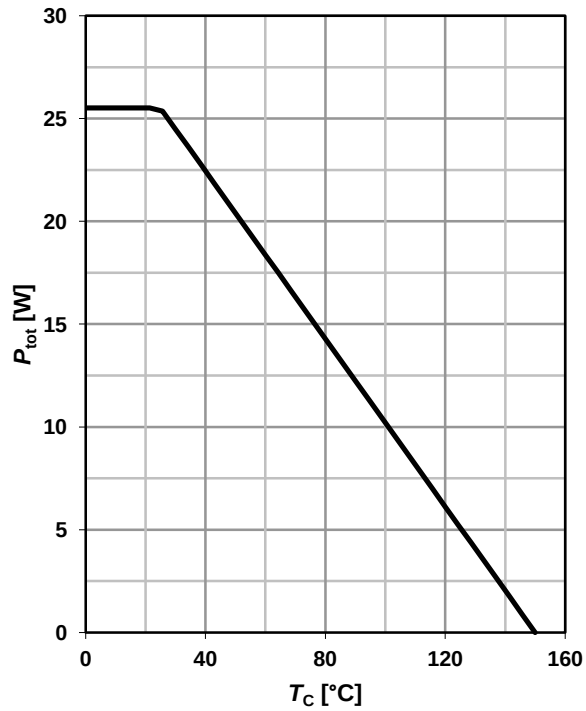
Reverse Diode

Diode continuous forward current	I_S	$T_C=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	25	A
Diode pulse current	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	100	
Diode forward voltage	V_{SD}	$V_{GS}=0\text{ V}, I_F=20\text{ A}, T_J=25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	-	0.87	1	V
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}	$V_R=15\text{ V}, I_F=I_S, di_F/dt=400\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	5	-	nC

⁵⁾ See figure 16 for gate charge parameter definition

1 Power dissipation

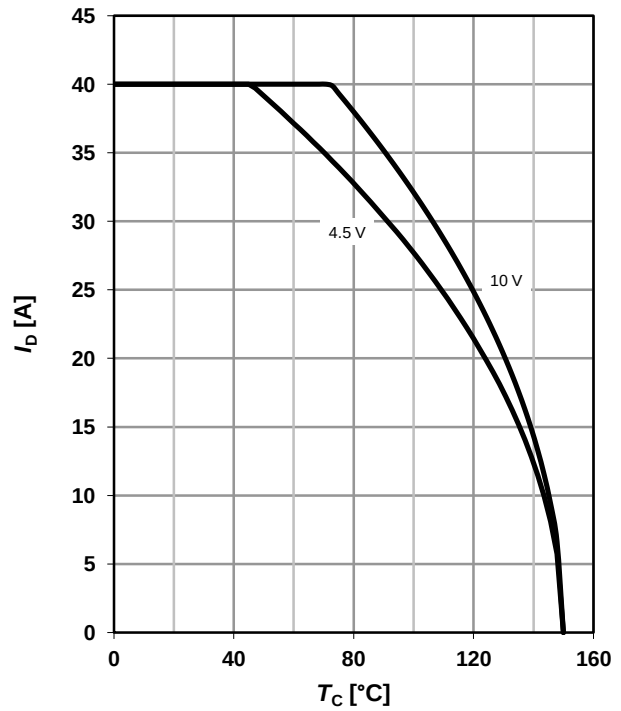
$$P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_C)$$



2 Drain current

$$I_D = f(T_C)$$

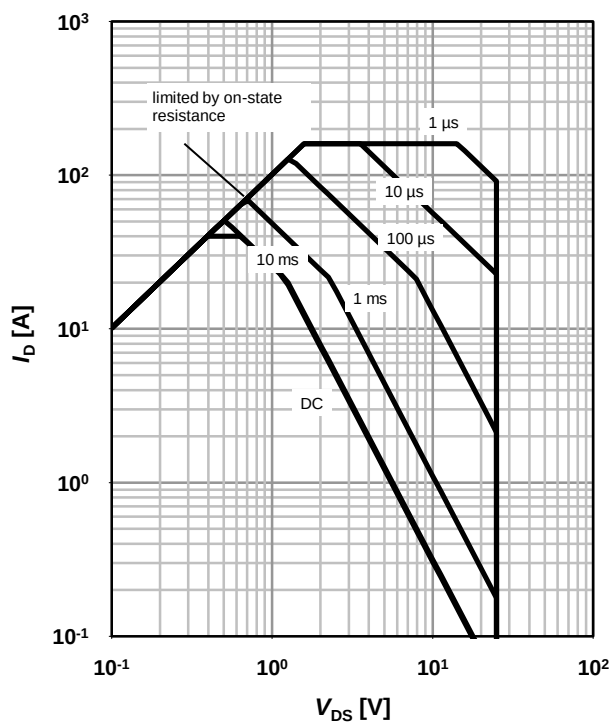
parameter: V_{GS}



3 Safe operating area

$$I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}; D = 0$$

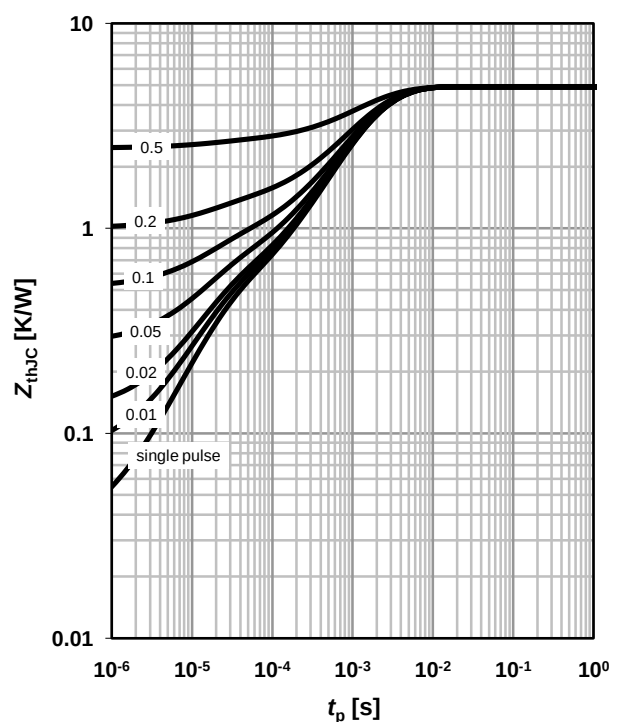
parameter: t_p



4 Max. transient thermal impedance

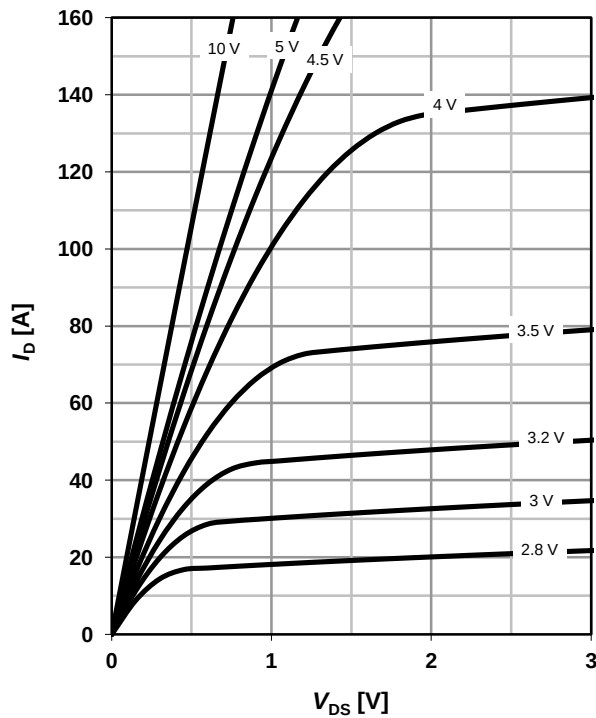
$$Z_{\text{thJC}} = f(t_p)$$

parameter: $D = t_p/T$



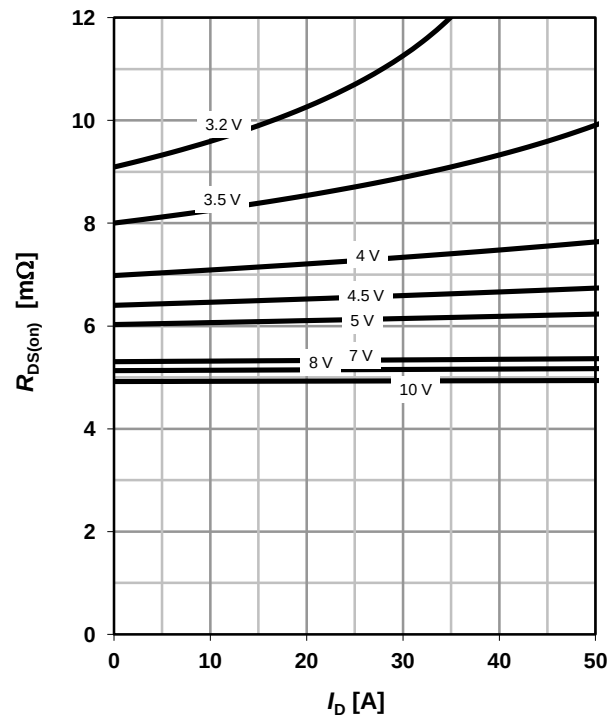
5 Typ. output characteristics

 $I_D = f(V_{DS}); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

parameter: V_{GS}


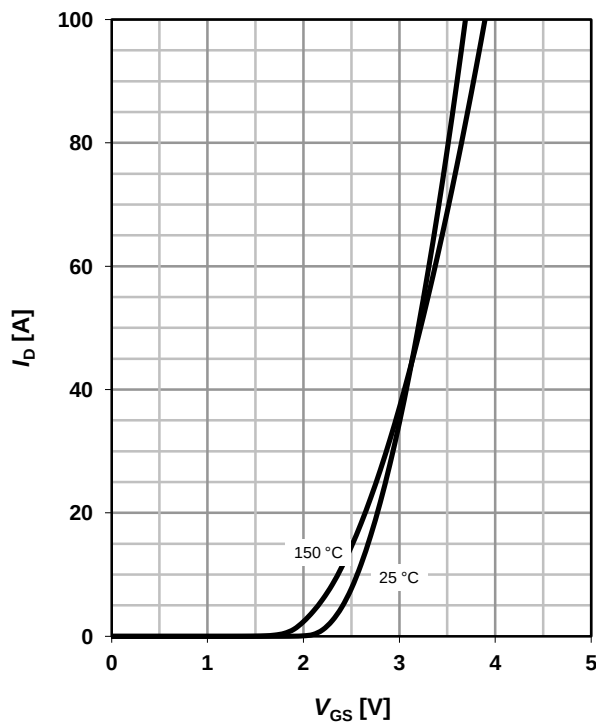
6 Typ. drain-source on resistance

 $R_{DS(on)} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$

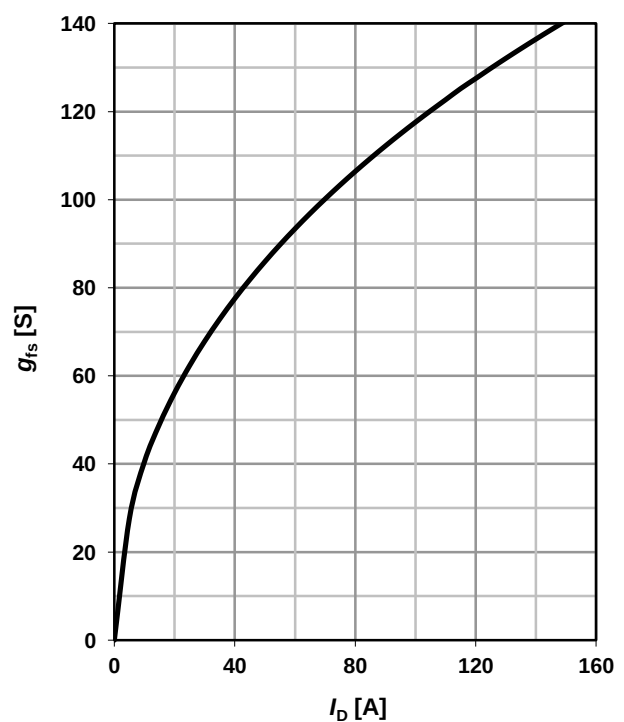
parameter: V_{GS}


7 Typ. transfer characteristics

 $I_D = f(V_{GS}); |V_{DS}| > 2|I_D|R_{DS(on)max}$

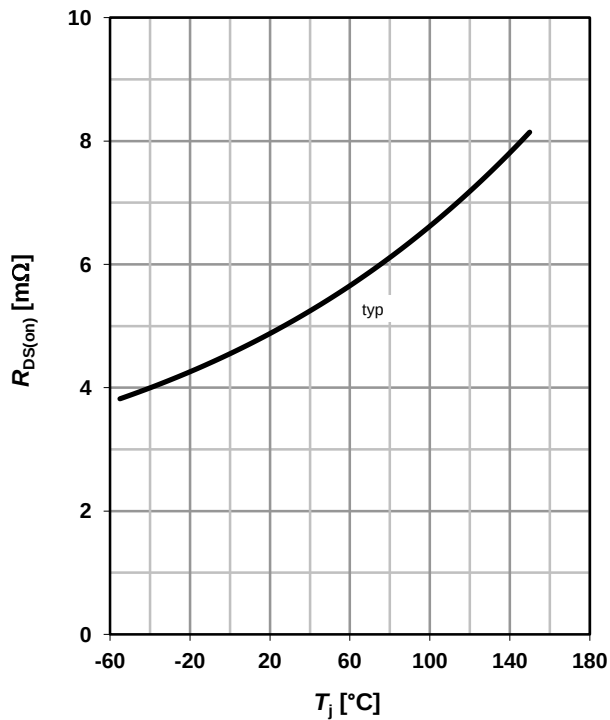
parameter: T_j


8 Typ. forward transconductance

 $g_{fs} = f(I_D); T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$


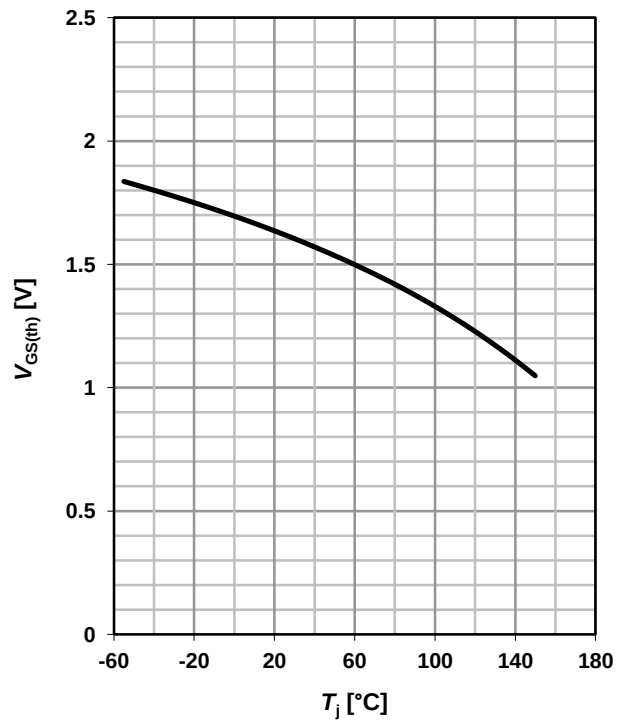
9 Drain-source on-state resistance

$$R_{DS(on)} = f(T_j); I_D = 30 \text{ A}; V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$$



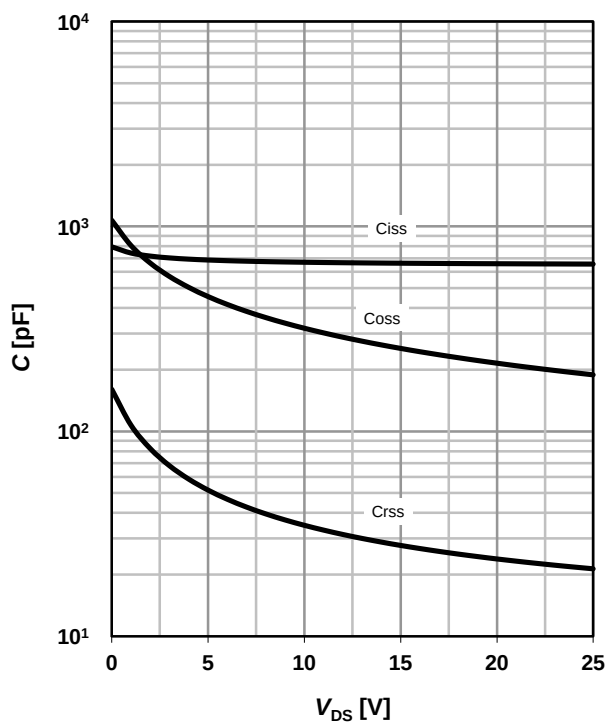
10 Typ. gate threshold voltage

$$V_{GS(th)} = f(T_j); V_{GS} = V_{DS}; I_D = 250 \mu\text{A}$$



11 Typ. capacitances

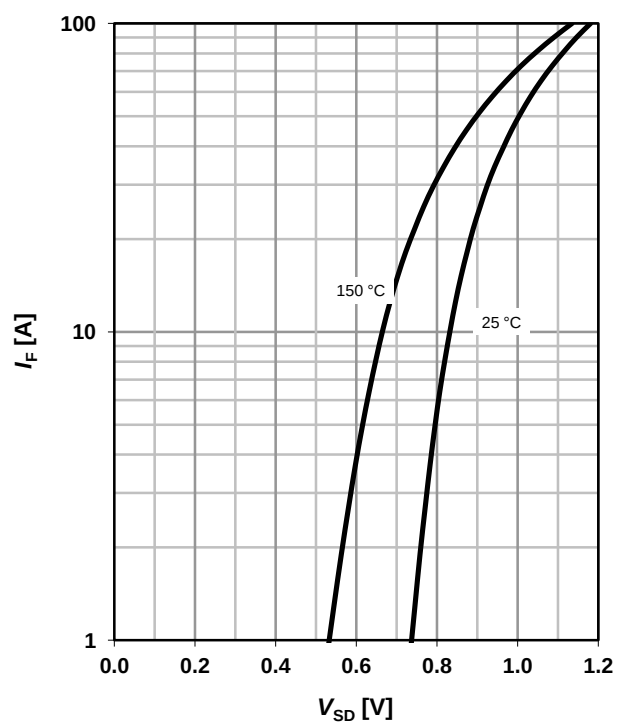
$$C = f(V_{DS}); V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ MHz}$$



12 Forward characteristics of reverse diode

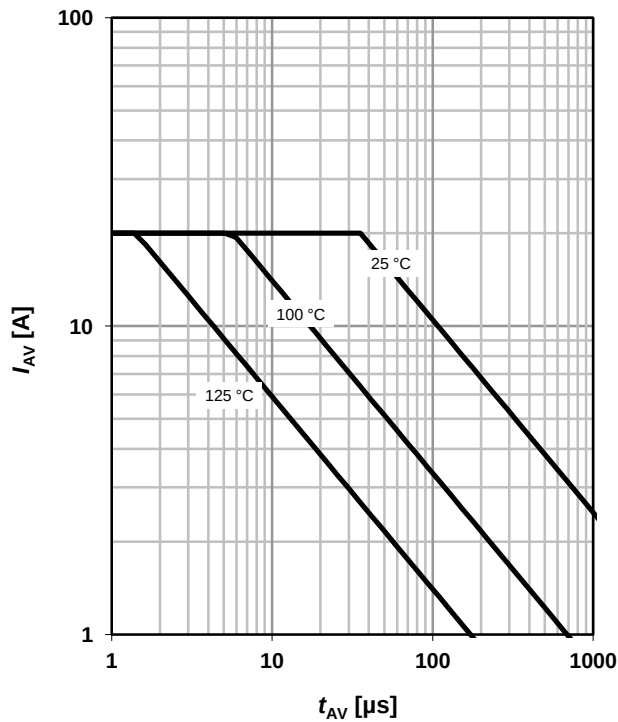
$$I_F = f(V_{SD})$$

parameter: T_j



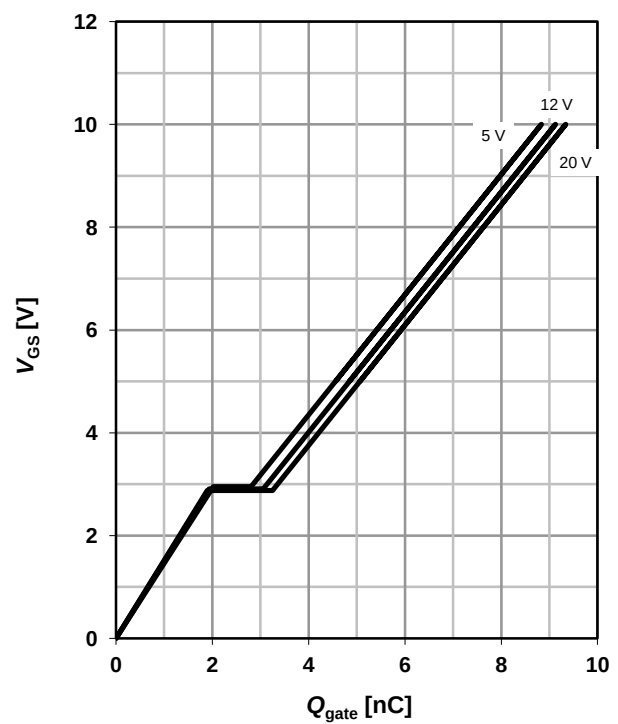
13 Avalanche characteristics

 $I_{AS}=f(t_{AV}); R_{GS}=25\ \Omega$

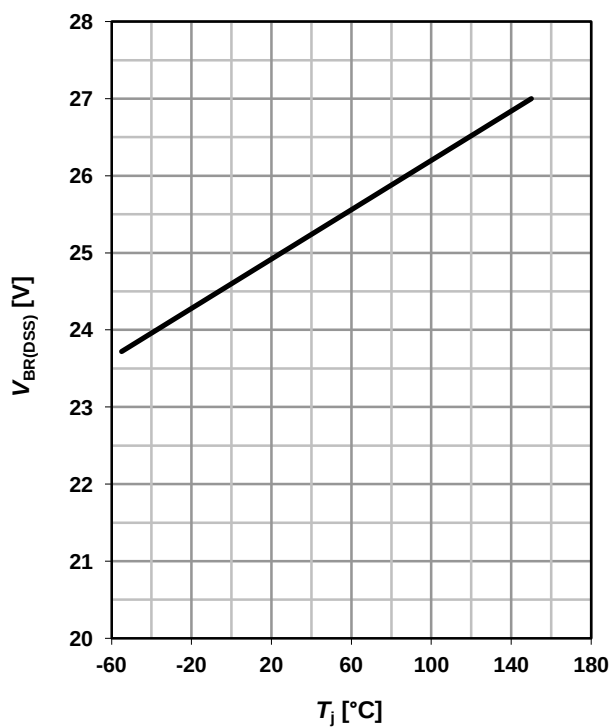
parameter: $T_{j(\text{start})}$


14 Typ. gate charge

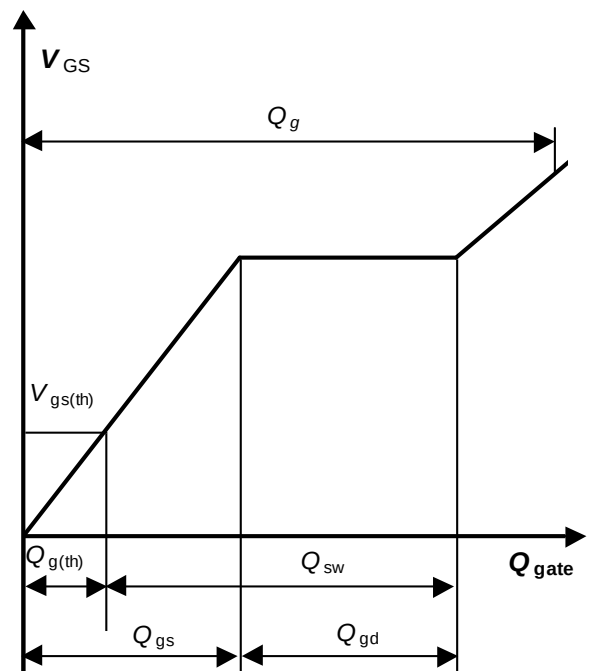
 $V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=30\ \text{A pulsed}$

parameter: V_{DD}


15 Drain-source breakdown voltage

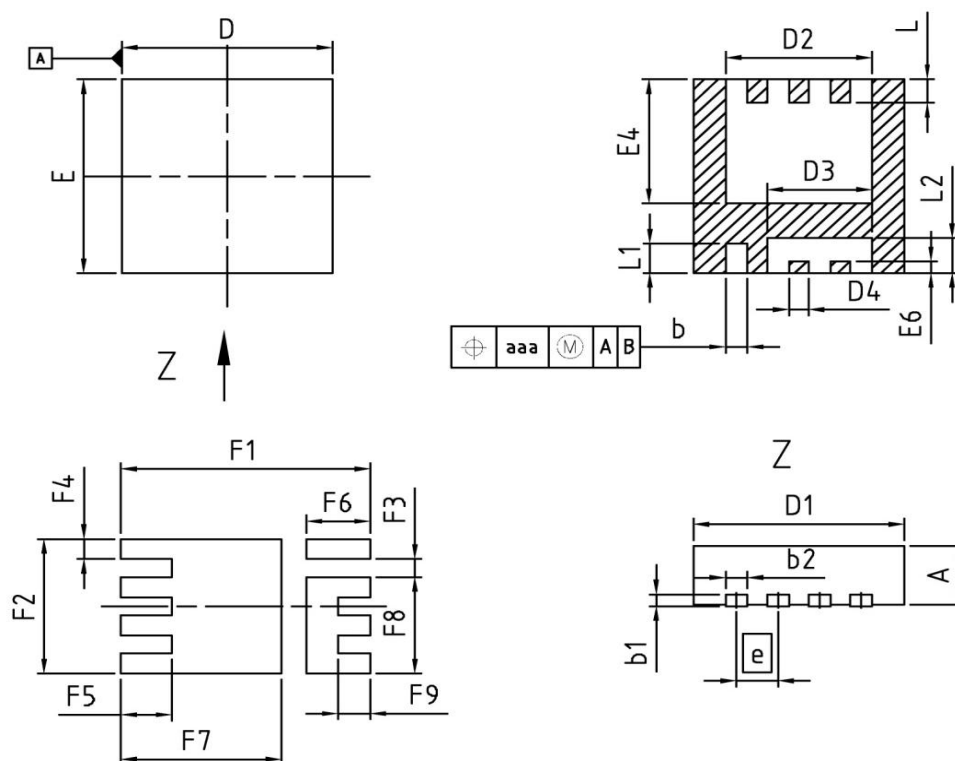
 $V_{BR(DSS)}=f(T_j); I_D=1\ \text{mA}$


16 Gate charge waveforms

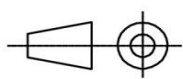


Package Outline

PG-TSDSON-8 (fused leads)



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.90	1.10	0.035	0.043
b	0.24	0.44	0.009	0.017
b1	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
b2	0.24	0.44	0.009	0.017
D=D1	3.20	3.40	0.126	0.134
D2	2.19	2.39	0.086	0.094
D3	1.54	1.74	0.061	0.069
D4	0.21	0.41	0.008	0.016
E	3.20	3.40	0.126	0.134
E4	2.01	2.21	0.079	0.087
E6	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
e	0.65 (BSC)		0.026 (BSC)	
N	8		8	
L	0.30	0.51	0.012	0.020
L1	0.40	0.70	0.016	0.028
L2	0.50	0.70	0.020	0.028
aaa	0.25		0.010	
F1	3.90		0.154	
F2	2.29		0.090	
F3	0.31		0.012	
F4	0.34		0.013	
F5	0.80		0.031	
F6	1.00		0.039	
F7	2.51		0.099	
F8	1.64		0.065	
F9	0.50		0.020	

DOCUMENT NO. Z8B00158553
SCALE 0 2.5 5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION 
ISSUE DATE 27-12-2010
REVISION 02

Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 Munich, Germany
© 2010 Infineon Technologies AG
All Rights Reserved.

Legal Disclaimer

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics. With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies components may be used in life-support devices or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.